



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/893,910	06/29/2001	Edward Michael Silver	BS00-336	4940
38515	7590	07/14/2006		
			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, QUYNH H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2614	

DATE MAILED: 07/14/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/893,910	SILVER ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit		
Quynh H. Nguyen	2614		

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on remarks filed 4/14/06.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) Claim(s) 1-36 is/are rejected.
7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. Claims 1-3 and 6-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lund (U.S. Patent 5,978,806).

Regarding claims 1, 21, and 29, Lund teaches the steps of: a telephone line in communication with a telephone network (col. 2, lines 3-13); a display device (Fig. 1, 14) associated with the telephone line (col. 2, lines 3-13); a communication link between the display and the computer network (Fig. 1), wherein when a triggering event associated with the telephone line is detected, contents of the source computer are displayed on the display device during a data session via the communication link (col. 3, lines 16-36).

Regarding claim 2, Lund teaches the triggering event is detected before a voice session is established between a calling party and a called party (col. 3, lines 16-26).

Regarding claim 3, Lund teaches the triggering event is detected after a voice session is established between a calling party and a called party (col. 3, lines 16-26).

Regarding claims 6 and 7, Lund teaches the telephone line is associated with one of a called party (Fig. 2, 116), a calling party (Fig. 2, 106), and a third party.

Regarding claims 8 and 10, Lund teaches the telephone line facilitates at least one of a voice communication, a data communication (col. 3, lines 16-25), a wireless communication.

Regarding claims 9 and 20, Lund teaches the communication link is one of a second telephone line (col. 3, lines 16-36), a digital subscriber line, a cable modem line, a T1 line, a T3 line, and an integrated services digital network line.

Claim 11 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to claim 1. Furthermore, Lund teaches the steps of: associating a telephone number of a telephone line with a network address of the source computer (col. 1, lines 48-54; col. 3, lines 26-48); storing a result of the associating step in a memory accessible to an equipment associated with the party, wherein the equipment is associated with a display device (Fig. 2 and 3; col. 3, lines 16-48).

Regarding claim 12, Lund teaches the network address is an Internet protocol address (col. 3, lines 16-25).

Regarding claim 13, Lund teaches the network address is a uniform resource locator (col. 3, lines 16-25).

Regarding claim 14, Lund teaches the result of the associating step is stored in a database (Fig. 2 and 3; col. 3, lines 16-48).

Regarding claims 15 and 16, Lund teaches the triggering event comprises a telephone number of a calling party, a dial string generated by the equipment (col. 3, lines 16-36).

Regarding claim 17, Lund teaches the telephone line comprises a voice communications connection and a data communications (col. 3, lines 16-36).

Regarding claims 18 and 32, Lund teaches the source computer (Fig. 2, Internet 50 and database 52) is associated with the party (Fig. 2).

Regarding claim 19, Lund teaches the source computer is associated with an entity other than the party (col. 3, lines 16-25).

Claim 24 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to claim 1.

Regarding claims 22, 23, and 34, Lund teaches the equipment is adapted to collect digits dialed by the user (col. 3, lines 16-36).

Claims 24-27 are rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to the first limitation of claims 11-13 and 18, respectively.

Regarding claims 28 and 35, Lund teaches the source computer is associated with a third party unrelated to the voice session (col. 3, line 16 through col. 4, line 52).

Regarding claims 30 and 33, Lund teaches the attempt is made by the user or a calling party other than the user (col. 3, lines 26-36).

Regarding claim 31, Lund teaches the dialed communications address comprises a telecommunications address of a called party (col. 3, lines 37-42).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 4-5 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Ginsberg (U.S. Patent 6,064,730) in view of Greenberg (U.S. Patent 6,791,974).

Regarding claim 4, Lund does not teach a termination of the voice session ends the data session. Greenberg teaches a termination of the voice session ends the data session (Fig. 8, 808 and 809). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Greenberg into the teachings of Lund for the purpose of saving computer system resource

Regarding claim 5, Lund does not explicitly teach the data session continues after the voice session is terminated. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the feature of the data session continues after the voice session is terminated in Lund's system thus making the system more efficient by allowing caller to continue viewing the data session after the conversation ended.

Regarding claim 36, Lund does not teach the voice communications connection comprises a wireless voice communications connection, and the data communications connection comprises a wireless data communications connection.

Greenberg teaches the voice communications connection comprises a wireless voice communications connection, and the data communications connection comprises a wireless data communications connection (Fig. 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Greenberg into the teachings of Lund thus making the system more efficient by having a wide range of communications ranging from wire line to wireless.

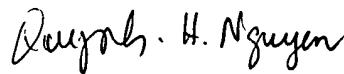
Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-36 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quynh H. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-7489. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday from 6:15 A.M. to 5:45 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wing Chan, can be reached on 571-272-7493. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



**Quynh H. Nguyen
Patent Examiner
Art Unit 2614**